

FINAL DRAFT  
SUBMITTED TO NPS

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NPS Form 10-900  
(3-82)

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

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33/1/87

# National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

See instructions in *How to Complete National Register Forms*  
Type all entries—complete applicable sections

## 1. Name

historic N/A

and/or common Coit Street Historic District

## 2. Location

street & number See Continuation Sheet

N/A not for publication

city, town New London vicinity of

state Connecticut code 09 county New London code 011

## 3. Classification

|  |   |   |   |
|--|---|---|---|
| <b>Category</b>                              | <b>Ownership</b>                            | <b>Status</b>                                       | <b>Present Use</b>                                    |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> district | <input type="checkbox"/> public             | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> occupied        | <input type="checkbox"/> agriculture                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> building(s)         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private | <input type="checkbox"/> unoccupied                 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> commercial        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> structure           | <input type="checkbox"/> both               | <input type="checkbox"/> work in progress           | <input type="checkbox"/> educational                  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> site                | <b>Public Acquisition</b>                   | <b>Accessible</b>                                   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> private residence |
| <input type="checkbox"/> object              | <input type="checkbox"/> in process         | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> yes: restricted | <input type="checkbox"/> religious                    |
|  | <input type="checkbox"/> being considered   | <input type="checkbox"/> yes: unrestricted          | <input type="checkbox"/> scientific                   |
|  | <u>N/A</u>                                  | <input type="checkbox"/> no                         | <input type="checkbox"/> transportation               |
|  |   |   | <input type="checkbox"/> other:                       |

## 4. Owner of Property

name See Continuation Sheet

street & number

city, town \_\_\_\_\_ vicinity of \_\_\_\_\_ state \_\_\_\_\_

## 5. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. New London City Clerk

street & number 181 Captain's Walk

city, town New London state Connecticut

## 6. Representation in Existing Surveys

title State Register of Historic Places has this property been determined eligible?  yes  no

date 1987  federal  state  county  local

depository for survey records Connecticut Historical Commission, 59 S. Prospect Street

city, town Hartford state Connecticut

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Continuation sheet

Item number 2

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Brewer Street: 9, 11, 11 Rear, 12, 16, 17-21, 18, 20, 24, 25, 6, 27, 31

Blinman Street: 26-28, 31, 35, 36, 40-42, 48

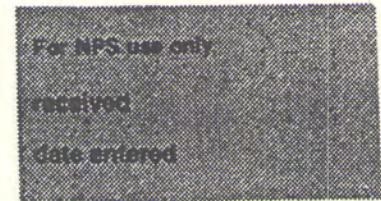
Coit Street: 2-4, 3, 5, 6-8, 7, 10-12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 22, 24, 32-34, 38, 40,

Washington Street: 78, 92

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Coit Street Historic District, New London, Connecticut  
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Building Address      Owner of Property  
                                 Owner's Address (if different)

Blinman Street

26-28                      William T. Ho and Fung Shan Yeung  
                                 357 Bank Street, New London, CT. 06320  
31                              Howard R. Flora  
                                 465 Colonel Ledyard Highway, Ledyard, CT. 06339  
35                              Carl and Constance Reidmeister  
36                              Charles Humphrey  
42-28                        Lewis and Sarah Thomas  
48                              Patty Mae Wimberly

Brewer Street

9                              Marguerite White  
11                              Howard Smith and William Frausini  
                                 44 Pinelock Drive, Gales ferry, Ct. 06335  
16                              Willie and Lolita Scott  
17-21                        Seymour Manheimer  
                                 38 Green Street, New London, CT. 06320  
18                              Stanley Grob  
20                              Vernon and Arthur Dozier  
24                              Brenda and Lewis Thomas  
25                              Alberto Howe  
26                              Donald Presley  
27                              Dean K. Mansfield  
31                              Clara Manheimer  
                                 292 Pequot Avenue, New London, CT. 06320

Coit Street

2-4                            Saul Sadinsky  
                                 22 Amity Street, New London, CT. 06320  
3                                Paul and James Vallario  
                                 13 Coit Street, New London, CT. 06320  
5                                Paul and James Vallario  
                                 as above  
6-8                            Ida Mae Griffin  
7                                Jane C. Wickham  
10-12                        Theodore R. Kovalik  
13                                James Vallario  
14                                Arthur and Linda Horton  
                                 335 Long Hill Road, Apt. 26, Groton, CT. 06340  
18                                Vera Burrel  
22                                Ritchard Springman  
24                                George F. Ouimet  
38                                Leonel and Pauline Hodge  
40                                Duane Johnson

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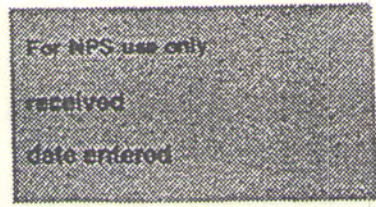
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Building Address      Owner of Property  
                                 Owner's Address (if different)

Washington Street

|    |   |
|----|---|
| 78 | Robert Fox and Michael Angelides c/o The Stonington<br>Institute, Swantown Hill Road, North Stonington, CT. 06359 |
| 92 | Stephen Shuell  |

## 7. Description

|  |                                       |   |   |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| <b>Condition</b>                         |                                       | <b>Check one</b>                            | <b>Check one</b>  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> excellent       | <input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated | <input type="checkbox"/> unaltered          | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> original site           |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> good | <input type="checkbox"/> ruins        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> altered | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> moved date c.1819, 1907 |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> fair | <input type="checkbox"/> unexposed    |   | 7 Coit Street, 9 Brewer Street                              |

### Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

The Coit Street Historic District in New London, Connecticut, includes four 18th-century buildings from the early period of settlement on the northeastern edge of the former Bream Cove, just southwest of the central business district, and the 19th-century buildings which encroached on the natural shoreline of the cove as it was gradually filled in (See Figures #1, #2, #3). Coit Street follows the original shoreline of Bream Cove. The district contains approximately four acres and 33 buildings on flat terrain.

The district is isolated from the downtown by the rear elevations of a series of two, three, and four-story brick buildings which abut the southern edge of the district, effectively screening the district from traffic and commercial activity. The district is defined by the houses fronting Blinman Street on the south, Brewer Street on the east, and Coit and Washington Streets on the west and north. The district is densely developed, with small dwellings located at the rear of several of the lots. The closed-in sense of this compact district is established by the narrow one-way streets lined with 18th and 19th-century houses (Photographs #1,2).

Based on the comprehensive inventory of New London, it is estimated that there are twelve 18th-century buildings extant in scattered sites throughout the city. Of these, four are located within the Coit Street Historic District. The depletion of New London's building stock from that period is due to Benedict Arnold's disastrous raid on the city in 1781 and the redevelopment of more recent years.

All of the principal buildings located within the district are contributing to the overlying themes. These include the well-preserved c.1763 William Coit house at 92 Washington Street (Bell-Cast Gambrel) (Photograph #3) and the George Chapman house at 7 Coit Street (Georgian) (Photograph #4). The brick duplex at 26-28 Blinman Street (c.1833) is an example of a late Federal-style building (Photograph #5). Several buildings combine elements of different styles, such as 18 Brewer Street (c.1839), which combines Greek Revival features with a Georgian roofline (Photograph #6), and the two 1885 houses at 48 Blinman Street and 24 Coit Street, which use both Italianate and Queen Anne details.

Greek Revival houses, gable-end-to-street, predominate in the district. Fluted Doric columns support porticos on 35 and 36 Blinman Street, and the front porch of 40 Coit Street (Photographs #7,8). Most Greek Revival houses retain the details which are the hallmarks of the style, including pilasters, full entablatures, sidelights and transoms, and semi-elliptical gable windows, which withstood the transition from Federal to Greek Revival in New London. Many houses have porches and other details which reflect additions made in the late 19th century, including one delicate jig-sawn porch, Eastlake porches, and bay windows, which relate well to the late 19th-century vernacular houses in the district. Italianate and Queen Anne styles are also represented, as well as a retardataire example of French Second Empire, built in 1913.

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INVENTORY

Address      Contributing (C)      Style, Use, Date, Builder/Architect (if known)  
Non-Contributing (NC)

Blinman Street

- 26-28    C      Federal duplex, c.1833, originally a four-unit rowhouse, replacement windows and doors. George Jones, builder (Photograph #5)
- 31       C      Colonial Revival dwelling, 1906, cinder block garage c.1960 (NC)
- 35       C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1843
- 36       C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1844 (Photograph #7)
- 40-42   C      18th/19th century vernacular double-house, originally a 3-bay Georgian house, 1759, Greek Revival door surround with Italianate hood (Photograph #9)
- 48       C      Vernacular Italianate dwelling, 1885. James Noyes, builder (attributed)

Brewer Street

- 9        C      Greek Revival dwelling, moved to site, 1907, Colonial Revival porch
- 11       C      Late-19th C. Vernacular dwelling, 1889
- 16       C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1835, Italianate door hood
- 17-21   C      Romanesque livery garage, 1887 (Photograph #13)
- 18       C      Low-pitch gambrel roofed dwelling with Greek Revival details c.1839 (Photograph #6)
- 20       C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1839
- 24       C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1843. Clark Daniels, builder (Photograph #11)
- 25       C      Georgian dwelling, c.1743 (Photograph #10)
- 26       C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1843 (Photograph #11)
- 27       C      Vernacular Italianate dwelling, 1876
- 31       C      Colonial Revival triple-decker, 1915, upper porches removed

Coit Street

- 2-4      C      Queen Anne dwelling, c.1895
- 3        C      Mid-19th C. Vernacular outbuilding, c.1850 (Photograph #14)
- 5        C      Italianate dwelling, c. 1853 (Photograph #1)
- 6-8     C      Queen Anne dwelling, c. 1895
- 7        C      Georgian dwelling, c.1780, moved to site c. 1819 (Photograph #4)
- 10-12   C      Queen Anne dwelling, c.1895 (Photograph #12)
- 13      C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1830 (Photograph # 1)
- 14      C      Greek Revival dwelling, 1835 (Photograph #12)
- 18      C      Greek Revival dwelling, c.1841 Orlando Gorton, builder (Photograph #12)
- 19      C      Late-19th C. Vernacular dwelling, c.1871

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Address      Contributing (C)      Style, Use, Date, Builder/Architect (if known)  
Non-Contributing (NC)

Coit Street

|    |   |  |
|----|---|--|
| 22 | C | Greek Revival dwelling, c.1841 Orlando Gorton, builder<br>(Photograph #12)   |
| 24 | C | Vernacular Queen Anne dwelling, 1885 John Lyons, builder<br>(Photograph #12) |
| 38 | C | Late-19th C. Vernacular dwelling, 1869                                       |
| 40 | C | Greek Revival dwelling, c.1832 (Photograph #8)                               |

Washington Street

|    |   |  |
|----|---|--|
| 78 | C | French Second Empire dwelling, 1913                |
| 92 | C | Bell-Cast Gambrel dwelling, c.1763 (Photograph #3) |

## 8. Significance

| Period      | Areas of Significance—Check and justify below |                        |                        |                 |
|-------------|---|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| prehistoric | archeology-prehistoric                        | community planning     | landscape architecture | religion        |
| 1400-1499   | archeology-historic                           | conservation           | law                    | science         |
| 1500-1599   | agriculture                                   | economics              | literature             | sculpture       |
| 1600-1699   | x architecture                                | education              | military               | social/         |
| X 1700-1799 | art   | engineering            | music                  | humanitarian    |
| X 1800-1899 | commerce                                      | exploration settlement | philosophy             | theater         |
| X 1900-1915 | communications                                | industry               | politics government    | transportation  |
|             |   | invention              |                        | other (specify) |

Criteria A,C

Specific dates See Inventory #7 Builder Architect See Inventory #7

### Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Coit Street Historic District contains architectural styles rare in New London, including one of only two 18th-century gambrel dwellings, three of seven Georgian-style dwellings, and one of four Federal-style buildings in the city. The district includes a significant number of early buildings and a well-preserved building stock which creates a compact and cohesive streetscape. The diversity of architectural styles is representative of residential construction in New London from the mid-18th century through the early 20th century. The Coit Street Historic District is historically significant because it contains survivors of an 18th-century settlement on the northeastern edge of the former Bream Cove which underwent further residential development in the 19th and 20th centuries. Early residents of the district were often directly engaged in waterfront activity, while later residents were more often employed in supporting trades. Coit and Blinman Streets were among the first streets laid out in the city. Their current configuration still reflects colonial usage as thoroughfares carrying traffic around Bream Cove. Several of the houses in the district are associated with families significant in the early history of New London. Although once part of a larger 18th-century neighborhood, the district has been isolated by the loss of many of the city's 18th-century buildings and modern development on the periphery.

### Historical Background

In the 17th and 18th centuries, the land comprising the Coit Street Historic District was considered the western edge of town. Beginning in 1647, some of the first home-lots established in New London were laid out along Bream Cove. Cove Street, now Coit Street, was carried around the head of the cove at this time to connect the outlying area with the central part of town. A foot bridge built along the path of Blinman Street was replaced in 1766 with a cart bridge. Descendants of several of the families who settled the district during the 17th and 18th centuries erected houses found here today.

The Coit family was an active and influential family in the early years of New London's history, first arriving in this city in 1651. A portion of the district is part of the seven acres purchased by the Coit family in 1694, where the family established its homestead and relocated its shipyard in 1699. William Coit was involved in local revolutionary activities, serving on committees beginning in 1767, shortly after the construction of his house at 92 Washington Street (Photograph #3). He commanded several ships during the Revolutionary War, and anecdotal stories about Coit indicate that he was a fervent patriot. Jonathan Coit, a 19th-century member of the Coit family, built his house at 40 Coit Street in 1840 (Photograph #8). He was also active in the local abolitionist movement in the 1840s.

In 1702, Benjamin Starr purchased a house and wharf on Bream Cove. He was involved in the West Indies trade and a member of the Governor's Council. His cousin's son Jonathan Starr bought this estate in 1759, including 40-42 Blinman Street (Photograph #9). It is doubtful that this is the original house; more likely it was built shortly after 1759. Jonathan may also have been active in the West Indies trade, as was his son Jonathan. Benjamin's son Daniel built his home at 25 Brewer Street sometime after 1743, where he lived until his death in 1767 (Photograph #10).



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New London's small geographic size limited development at a time when demand for land was rising. The only course for the city was to create land by filling in portions of its waterfront. The waterfront lots were considered premium when the district was first settled, and as the waterfront was filled in, property became valuable because of its proximity to the downtown. In the 1830s, property values in this area were significantly higher than those in contemporaneous developments, with lots commanding as much as twice the price.

Building activity begun at this time became more intense. Almost half of the buildings in the district were built in the next two decades. There is evidence of significant reuse of early house lots and buildings in the district. Many of the 17th and 18th-century houses were replaced by mid-19th century dwellings. Sometimes, elements of the earlier houses were salvaged. The former outbuilding at 3 Coit Street has 6/9 sash taken from an earlier building, which was probably installed when the building was converted into a dwelling in the 19th century (Photograph #14). Several buildings, such as 7 Coit Street, were moved to new sites in the district.

George Jones built a four-unit rowhouse at 26-28 Blinman Street between 1833 and 1839, tearing down an earlier house and filling in a portion of the cove in the rear of his lot (the eastern half of the rowhouse was removed c.1925) (Photograph #5). The houses on the south side of Brewer Street were all erected between 1835 and 1843. 24 and 26 Brewer Street replaced an older house (Photograph #11). Samuel Beckwith and Orlando Gorton razed a house and built two houses at 18 and 22 Coit Street shortly after 1841, adjacent to Beckwith's own home at 14 Coit Street (Photograph #12).

The trades of the residents of the district were evolving from strictly water-dependent careers, which required wharfage and access to the cove, to work skills which, although often marine-related, were not dependent on water access. The residents of the 1830s and 1840s made their livelihoods as a blacksmith, joiner, grocer, ship's carpenter, mariner, rigger, and as captains.

As more of Bream Cove was filled in, the land created was put to industrial use. In 1859, the New London Horse Nail Company was established on the newly created land. After its demise in 1878, the building became part of the Brainard and Armstrong Company silk mills. The intensification of land use on the outskirts led to a new spate of residential development in the district. Eleven houses were built during the latter half of the 19th century, filling in available lots between the older buildings. The mixture of residential and commercial activity in the district, first seen in the Coit shipyard and an 18th-century brewery (no longer extant) on Brewer Street, was maintained when George Shepard erected a dry goods store at 38 Coit Street, adjacent to his home in 1859, and with the construction of a livery stable at 17-21 Brewer Street in 1887 (Photograph #13).

The final phase of development in the district came during the closing years of the 19th century and the early 20th century. The pattern of replacing older buildings and developing empty lots was continued. The heirs of Orlando Gorton, who had built 18 and 22 Coit Street, continued speculative real estate practices with the construction of three two-family homes at 2 through 12 Coit Street between 1894 and 1896 (Photograph #12). In 1907, Albert Fetherson moved a Greek Revival house onto property he purchased five years earlier at 9 Brewer Street. As late as 1913, an older house at the opposite

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end of Brewer Street was taken down, and replaced by 78 Washington Street (1913) and 31 Brewer Street (1915).

Architectural Assessment

A wide range of architectural styles is represented in the Coit Street Historic District including Gambrel and Georgian from the 18th century, Federal, Greek Revival, Italianate, Queen Anne, and Romanesque from the 19th century, and Colonial Revival and Second Empire from the early 20th century. In general, the buildings in the district are modest, well-designed buildings which exemplify the basic building types used in residential construction in New London from the 18th century through the early 20th century. The variation of styles and the melding of stylistic elements from different styles is noteworthy.

18th-century dwellings are a rarity in New London. The largest concentration in the city is found in the Coit Street District. 92 Washington Street is an unusually intact example of 18th-century architecture (Photograph #3). This Bell-Cast Gambrel dwelling, c.1763, with slightly flared eaves and 6/9 sash, is one of two dwellings of this type and vintage extant in New London. Door moldings and fireplace surrounds of 92 Washington Street are similar to those published in 1797 in The Country Builder's Assistant by Asher Benjamin.

The other early houses in the district are Georgian. There are only four other dwellings of this style at scattered sites in the city. The well-preserved house at 7 Coit Street was moved onto the site in the early 19th century (Photograph #4). Hand-wrought nails, some original 12/12 sash, and the Georgian door surround, as well as its basic design, indicate its earlier origins. The Daniel Starr House, c.1743, is the earliest documented house in the district on its original location (Photograph #10). The massing and lines of the house clearly suggest its 18th-century construction.

The 18th/19th century double-house at 40-42 Blinman Street underwent considerable transformations (Photograph #9). The western half, built c.1759, has hand-hewn beams and earlier construction techniques than the eastern side, which was built with sawn lumber in the mid-19th century. Since 1759, the house has been described in deeds as remodelled and modernized. Indeed, the handsome Italianate door hood and Greek Revival door surround date from the mid-19th century and may be contemporary with the construction of the eastern half. The adherence to the earlier design in the basic massing and roof detail is interesting and conveys the sense of 18th-century vernacular architecture. There are stylistic similarities between the 40-42 Blinman Street and 7 Coit Street (Photograph #4) which illustrate the historic process by which a Georgian three-bay house has evolved into a 19th-century double-house.

The brick duplex at 26-28 Blinman Street, c.1833 (originally a four-unit rowhouse), with splayed lintels and Flemish Bond brickwork, is clearly influenced by the Federal style and is the only 19th-century rowhouse in New London (Photograph #5). 18 Brewer Street, c.1839, has a Greek Revival door surround, but a gambrel roofline more commonly associated with Georgian architecture (Photograph #6). Several of the houses of the 1830s and 1840s have semi-elliptical windows in the pediments, a Federal characteristic which was retained in many early Greek Revival dwellings in New London.

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| date entered     |

The Greek Revival houses in the district are well-proportioned 2-1/2 story, gable-end-to-street buildings with good overall design quality. The Doric porticos at 35 and 36 Blinman Street are noteworthy for their relationship to each other and the quality of the craftsmanship involved (Photograph #7). The architectural details of Greek Revival residential buildings are found in the vernacular houses, including pilasters, entablatures, sidelights, and transoms (Photographs #8, 11, 12). The scale and proportions of these houses relate well to both the earlier and later houses in the district. Several of the Greek Revival houses have later porches. The similarity of these elements to adjacent late 19th-century houses creates additional unity in the streetscape (Photograph #12).

48 Blinman Street and 24 Coit Street are distinguished by the eclectic use of stylistic elements from both Italianate and Queen Anne. Both 1885 dwellings use the same fretwork molding in the cornice. The 1894-96 Queen Anne houses at 2 - 12 Coit Street have identical porticos (Photograph #14). The late use of the French Second Empire style on 78 Washington Street (1913) may indicate an attempt to maximize space in the house.

Endnotes

1. The substantial amount of commercial activity on the original shoreline of Bream Cove, including the Coit Shipyard and numerous wharves, may warrant further investigation of the site to determine the potential for archaeological significance. It is not included as an area of significance within this nomination because there has not yet been any archaeological testing of the resource.
2. Asher Benjamin, The Works of Asher Benjamin, vol. 1: The Country Builder's Assistant (1797; reprint ed., New York: DeCapo Press, 1972), Plates XI, XVII.

## 9. Major Bibliographical References

See Continuation Sheet

## 10. Geographical Data

Acreeage of nominated property 4 approximately

Quadrangle name New London

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

### UTM References

A 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 5 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

B 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 5 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 6 | 8 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

C 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 6 | 4 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 2 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

D 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 7 | 2 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

E 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 6 | 9 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 8 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

F 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 6 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

G 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 6 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

H 

|      |         |   |   |          |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|------|---------|---|---|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1    | 9       | 7 | 4 | 2        | 6 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 6 | 0 |
| Zone | Easting |   |   | Northing |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

### Verbal boundary description and justification

For Verbal Boundary Description, see Figure #1 (map)

For Boundary Justification, see Continuation Sheet

### List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries

| state | N/A | code | county | code |
|-------|-----|------|--------|------|
|-------|-----|------|--------|------|

| state | code | county | code |
|-------|------|--------|------|
|-------|------|--------|------|

## 11. Form Prepared By

name/title Sharon P. Churchill/Executive Director

organization New London Landmarks, Inc. date \_\_\_\_\_

street & number P.O. Box 1134, 309 Captain's Walk telephone 203-442-0003

city or town New London state Connecticut

## 12. State Historic Preservation Officer Certification

The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:

\_\_\_ national \_\_\_ state \_\_\_ local

As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service.

State Historic Preservation Officer signature \_\_\_\_\_

title \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_

For NPS use only

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register

date \_\_\_\_\_

Keeper of the National Register

Attest: \_\_\_\_\_ date \_\_\_\_\_

Chief of Registration

United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service

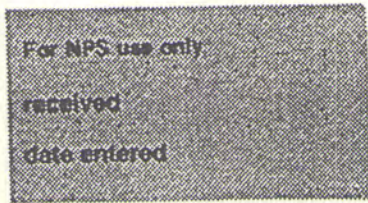
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**United States Department of the Interior  
National Park Service**

**National Register of Historic Places  
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National Park Service

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UTM References, Continued

|    | Zone | Easting | Northing |
|----|------|---------|----------|
| I. | 19   | 742650  | 4581560  |
| J. | 19   | 742650  | 4581540  |
| K. | 19   | 742580  | 4581520  |
| L. | 19   | 742550  | 4581610  |
| M. | 19   | 742540  | 4581600  |
| N. | 19   | 742530  | 4581645  |
| O. | 19   | 742540  | 4581650  |
| P. | 19   | 742520  | 4581670  |

Boundary Justification

The Coit Street Historic District is a clearly distinguishable 18th and 19th-century residential district surrounded by commercial properties and vacant land. The district abuts the Downtown New London National Register District on its northern periphery. The eastern edge is defined by the rear of three- and four-story late 19th-century brick commercial buildings fronting Bank Street, a major downtown artery. Across Washington Street on the western boundary are two large brick commercial buildings dating from the 1920s. These are much larger in scale than the residential buildings in the district, and visibly reflect commercial use as an office building and a fraternal club. The former Bream Cove, long since filled in, forms the southern edge of the Coit Street District, both historically and visually. Coit Street was laid out along the original shoreline of the cove. The former cove is now primarily vacant land, with three 20th-century commercial structures on its eastern edge, and Reed Street separating the cove/land from other construction further south.